### **CCS and Language Skills**

These skills are summarized from the Common Core Standards across grade levels. SLPs will need to refer to the specific grade level standards to determine which skills are covered at their students' grade level. In general, students with language impairments exhibit difficulties in one or more areas of the language arts standards. SLPs may want to look at skills below grade level for these students to provide scaffolding and to develop IEP objectives.

#### Language Skills K-5

#### Reading Standards: K-5 (comprehension, narratives, questioning, summarizing)

Wh-Qs: ask and answer questions to demonstrate learning

Main ideas/details

Inferences: draw inferences from text

Story elements: identify/describe characters, settings and major events in a story; describe how characters respond to major events in a story; explain events and relationships; describe problem/solution in a story; name author and illustrator of story and define role of each in telling the story

Cause/effect relationships

Compare/contrast: event, ideas, concepts from 2 or more texts, character's account of event or topic; analyze multiple accounts of same event

Point of View: acknowledge differences in point of view of characters

#### Language Standards: Grammar & Usage K-5 (syntax, grammar & sentence structure)

Nouns:

Use common, proper, possessive nouns; use singular & plural nouns; use regular & irregular plural nouns

Verb tenses; past, present future

Prepositions: most frequently occurring prepositions;

Pronouns: use reflexive pronouns; use personal, possessive & indefinite pronouns (I, me, my, they, them, their, anyone, etc.

Adjectives: use adjectives within sentences;

Conjunctions: use frequently occurring conjunctions;

Produce complete sentences: produce simple, compound, and complex sentences

Understand and use question words

Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening

Vocabulary: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown & multiple meaning words & phrases; use context clues to determine meaning; determine meaning using affixes & root words; identify meaning of compound words; use glossaries, dictionaries, and reference materials to determine the meaning of words; demonstrate understanding of word relationships; sort words into categories, distinguish literal and nonliteral meanings; identify real life connections; synonyms, antonyms, homographs; distinguish shades of meaning; acquire & use domain specific words and phrases

## Listening/Speaking Standards: K-5 (conversation skills, discourse, pragmatics, questioning, describing, reporting, main idea & details, summarizing, paraphrasing, telling/retelling/, speaking skills)

Conversation skills: Participate in collaborative conversations about grade level topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups; engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on –one, groups, and teacher led) about grade level texts expressing ideas clearly

Discourse: Follow rules for discussion (i.e., taking turns, listening to others, etc.)

Pragmatics: Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges (respond to other's comments, speak one at a time, etc.)

Questioning: Ask questions to clarify, check for understanding, stay on topic, pose and respond to specific questions; ask and answer questions about key ideas or details from a text read aloud or from a speaker

Describing: Describe people, places, things, and events

Main idea & details: Determine main ideas and details of text read aloud or information presented orally or through media

Summarizing: Explain ideas and understanding, review key ideas expressed, draw conclusions in light of information and discussions; summarize points and how information is supported by reasons and evidence

Paraphrasing: Paraphrase and summarize information from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through media

Telling/Retelling: Tell a story, recount an experience, or report on a topic with appropriate facts and descriptive details

Speaking skills: Speaking clearly in coherent sentences; speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly and in complete sentences; adapt speech to a variety of contexts, using formal English and informal discourse as appropriate

#### Language Skills 6-12

#### Reading Standards: 6-8 (analysis, inferences, story elements, vocabulary, comprehension, evaluating)

Analysis: Identify evidence in text that supports analysis of what text says, inferences drawn from text; analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (i.e., how setting shapes characters or plot)

Analyze structure of a text: Compare and contrast structure of two or more texts; how structure contributes to meaning and style, or development of ideas

Explain/analyze how an author develops point of view; contrasts point of view of different characters; creates effects such as suspense or humor; responds to conflicting evidence

Story Elements: Determine a theme or central idea of a text and its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide a summary of the text;

Vocabulary: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text; including figurative and connotative meanings, analogies or allusions to other texts

Comprehension: Compare and contrast a story, drama, poem or informational text to its audio, filmed, or multimedia version; compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres (historical accounts, modern works of fiction, etc.)

Evaluate: Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether reasoning is sound and evidence is sufficient

## Language Standards: 6-8 (Standard English conventions, syntax, grammar, sentence structure, conversation skills)

Conventions: Demonstrates command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking

Uses correctly: pronouns (subjective, objective, possessive, intensive), verbs, phrases and clauses, verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in sentences

Uses punctuation

Spell correctly

Vary sentence patterns and chooses language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy

#### Listening/Speaking Standards: 6-8 (discourse, questioning, presenting, adapt speaking)

Discourse: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on –one, groups, and teacher led) about grade level texts expressing ideas clearly; follow rules for collegial discussions and decision making;

Questioning: Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas

Presenting: Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using a focused coherent manner with descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume and clear pronunciation; include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations

Adapt speaking: Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated.

# Reading Standards: 9-12 (cite evidence, determine theme or central idea, analyze, vocabulary, point of view, evaluate)

Cite evidence: Cite evidence in text that supports analysis of what text says, inferences drawn from text; including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain

Determine theme or central idea: Determine a theme or central idea of a text and its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text

#### Analyze:

- Analyze how characters are introduced and developed and how elements of a story or drama advance the plot or develop the theme
- Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how things interact and develop over the
  course of the text
- Analyze how an author's choices for structure of a text create effects such as mystery, tension, or surprise; analyze a point of view from world literature
- A point a view that requires distinguishing what is directly stated from what is really meant in a text (i.e., satire, sarcasm, irony or understatement)
- Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama or poem

Vocabulary: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text; including figurative and connotative meanings, words with multiple meanings, or engaging language

Point of View: Determine the author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose

Evaluate: Evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats to address a question or resolve a problem.

### Language Standards: 9-12 (Standard English conventions, syntax/grammar, sentence structure, conversation skills)

Standard English conventions: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking; demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing; change when needed, spell correctly

Syntax:/grammar: Use various types of phrases and clauses to convey specific meaning and ad variety and interest to writing or presentations, vary syntax for effect

Apply knowledge of how language is used to understand functions in different contexts

Listening Speaking Standards: 9-12 (discourse, pragmatics, questioning, presenting, perspectives, summarizing, problem solving/reasoning, point of view, adapt speaking)

Discourse/pragmatics: Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussion (one-on-one, in groups and teacher-led) on grade level topics, building on others' ideas and expressing own ideas clearly and persuasively; work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions, decision making, and to promote civil discussions; propel conversations by posing and responding to questions for the current topic and ensure a range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions

Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives: synthesize, summarize points, justify views, make new connections based upon evidence, identify when additional information is needed

Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media

Evaluate a speakers point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence

Present information: Findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically, with organization and style that is appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks

Adapt Speaking: Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when appropriate.